



ORAL PRESENTATION

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# First-in-human phase 1 trial of the safety and immunogenicity of a recombinant adenovirus serotype 5 HVR48 (rAd5HVR48) HIV-1 vaccine

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## Background

Adenovirus serotype 5 (Ad5) is a potent vector, but widespread seroprevalence may limit its potential use. Replacement of the hexon variable regions (HVR) of Ad5 with the HVR of the less prevalent Ad48 may result in a potent vector which bypasses pre-existing vector immunity.

## Methods

Recombinant Ad5 with seven HVRs derived from Ad48 and expressing the VRC EnvA test antigen (rAd5HVR48. ENVA) was made. 48 healthy volunteers who were seronegative to Ad5, Ad48, HIV-1, and HIV-2 were enrolled in a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, dose-escalation phase 1 study. The first three groups of 12 subjects received doses of  $10^9$ ,  $10^{10}$ , or  $10^{11}$  vp of rAd5HVR48. ENVA vector (n=10/group) or placebo (n=2/group) at weeks 0, 4, and 24 and the fourth group received a single injection of  $10^{10}$  vp or placebo. We performed pre-specified blinded immunogenicity analyses at day 56 and day 196 after the first immunization.

## Results

31/48 (65%) of subjects were female; median age at enrollment was 24 (range: 18-50). Vaccination was generally well tolerated: mild to moderate local and systemic reactogenicity was observed after the initial immunization, more commonly in the highest dose group, but typically resolved within 24h. No vaccine-associated SAEs occurred. In all four dose groups, 10 subjects per group developed positive EnvA-specific

ELISA titers and EnvA-specific interferon-gamma ELISPOT responses following vaccination. Immune responses were seen two weeks following inoculation in the majority of subjects. Two subjects per group exhibited no vector- or insert-specific immune responses at any timepoint and are presumed placebo recipients.

## Conclusion

The rAd5HVR48 vector is generally safe and immunogenic in humans at all three doses. Immune responses against EnvA could be detected two weeks following the first inoculation. Ad5HVR48 is a promising new chimeric vector to evaluate novel inserts in further clinical trials.

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